CAPITVLVM DECIMVM

PENSVM D

- I.1 Why do you need to memorize the gender and genitive case of 3rd declension nouns?
- 1.1 What is the gender and genitive case of *leo*?
- 1.15 What kind of conjunction (joining word) is *cum*?
- 1.21 What two parts combine to form the word *potest*?
- 1.21 What is the grammatical term for the verb form *volare* and how do you translate it?
- 1.21 Why do you need to memorize the infinitive form of every verb?
- 1.24 What kind of conjunction is *quod*?
- 11.38-39 Differentiate between videre/audire and videri/audiri?
- I.41 What is the gender and genitive case of *flumen*?
- 1.44 What two words combine to make the word *nemo*?
- 1.58 Why is the expression *necesse est* called impersonal?
- 1.58 What case is *homini* and why?
- 1.59 What is the infinitive of *edo*?

ll.75-76 What type of verb serves as the object of verbs like *potest/possunt*, *vult/volunt*, and *audet/audent*?

- 1.80 Why is *puellam* accusative and *canere* infinitive?
- 1.81 What is the gender and genitive case of *vox*?
- 1.109 What is the infinitive of *sum*?
- 1.112 What case is *magna voce* and why?